

# World Class Clampseal® Throttling Valves

- Replaceable Seat/Venturi
- Low Velocity Across Main Seat
- Precise Flow Control
- Pressure Seal Bonnet

Conval Clampseal® Throttling Valves are designed for a wide range of severe service applications requiring repeatable flow control and dependable shutoff.



**STANDARD SIZES** 1/2" through 4"

**PRESSURE RATING** ASME Class 900 through 4095

**STANDARD MATERIALS** Forged Alloy Steel 182 F22 Other materials available upon request

**STANDARD ACCESSORIES** Actuators - Air, Motor, Hydraulic

 $\mathbb{N}$ 

# **DESIGN FEATURES**

### *Replaceable 4400 Stainless Steel Seat/Venturi*

The venturi is an integral part of the removable seat. It is readily changed in-line should different flow characteristics be required or replacement be necessary from excessive wear. The orifice is sized to keep fluid velocity across the seat below damaging levels. The exit orifice angle is designed to minimize down stream piping erosion and noise. Several erosion-resistant materials are available. Consult factory.

## **Position Indicator**

The position indicator is easy to read and an accurate indication of valve stem position.

## Axially-loaded Packing System

The packing is uniformly axially loaded. The bonnet cartridge packing chamber with a secure leakproof bonnet allows rapid access to valve trim for ease of inspection and maintenance.

## Mated Stem Assembly

The stem assembly is mated to the orifice for proper control. Like the orifice seat assembly, it is readily changeable should different flow characteristics be required or excessive erosion or corrosion be a problem.

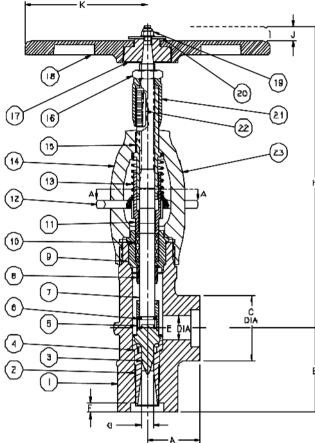
## Pressure Seal Bonnet

A secure, leakproof bonnet allows rapid access to valve trim for inspection and maintenance. The pressure boundary is sealed at the smallest diameter possible to ensure maximum sealing capability.

## Two-Year Warranty

Conval is committed to unsurpassed quality. We are so confident of the quality of our product, that we offer a two-year warranty.

Clampseal® Throttling Valves is a registered trademark of Conval, Inc.



# LIST OF MATERIALS

NO.	NAME	QTY	MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
Т	BODY	1	*FORGED ALLOY STEEL	SA182 F22
2	SEAT/ORIFICE	1	STAINLESS 440C	AMS 5352
3	NEEDLE DISC	1	STELLITE NO. 6	AMS 5387
4	0-RING	1	STAINLESS	MFR. STD.
5	RETAINER	1	STAINLESS	ASTM A582-416
6	SPLIT RING	2	STAINLESS	ASME SA479-316
7	STEM	1	STAINLESS	ASTM A 582-416
8	BACKSEAT	1	NITRONIC 60	ASME SA479 UNS S 21800
9	BONNET CHAMBER	1	STAINLESS	ASME SA479-410
10	PACKING RING	2	END/WIPER RINGS	BRAIDED CARBON YARN
		2	DIE FORMED RINGS	FLEXIBLE GRAPHITE
11	GLAND	1	STAINLESS	ATSTM A582-416
12	IGW	1	CAST STAINLESS	AMS 5360
13	SPRING	1	STAINLESS	MFR. STD.
14	YOKE	1	*FORGED ALLOY STEEL	SA 182 F22
15	YOKE BUSHING	1	ALUMINUM BRONZE	ASME SB-150 UNS C64200
16	CHECK NUT	1	STEEL	MFR. STD.
17	ADAPTER	1	MALLEABLE IRON	ASTM A47 GR. 32510
18	HANDLE	1	MALLEABLE IRON	ASTM A47 GR. 32510
19	LOCKNUT	1	STEEL	MFR. STD.
20	WASHER	1	STEEL	MFR. STD.
21	INDICATOR SLEEVE	1	STEEL	MFR. STD.
22	INDICATOR TAG	1	ALUMINUM	MFR. STD.
23	I.D. PLATE	1	STAINLESS	ASME SA240-304
24	CLAMPBOLT	1	STAINLESS	MFR. STD.

PRESSURE CLASS Pipe Size Size A Code 

CLASS	Code	Size						
	5E	1/2 15	2 5/16 59	4 100	3 5/16 84	9 3/4 248	8 200	13 59
	5E	3/4	2 5/16	4	3 5/16	9 3/4	8	13
NOMINAL	5E	20	59 2 5/16	<u>100</u> 4	84 3 5/16	248 9 3/4	<u>200</u> 8	<u>59</u> 13
900	7G	25 1	59 2 3/4	100 4 1/4	84 3 1/4	248 13 3/8	200 12	<u>59</u> 26
	7G	25 1 1/4	70 2 3/4	108 4 1/4	88 3 1/4	340 13 3/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 26
INTERMEDIATE	7G	32 1 1/2	70 2 3/4	108 4 1/4	88 3 1/4	340 13 3/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 26
1155	7 G	40 2	70 2 3/4	108 4 1/4	88 3 1/4	<u>340</u> 13 3/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 26
1155		50	70	108	88	340	300	118
	8H	2 50	3 80	4 1/2 114	3 15/16 100	15 1/8 <u>384</u>	12 300	40 <u>182</u>
	8H	2 1/2 65	3 80	4 1/2 114	3 15/16 100	15 1/8 <u>384</u>	12 300	40 182
	10K	3 80	5 125	6 152	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	10K	4 100	5 125	6 152	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	5E	1/2	2 5/16	4	3 5/16	9 3/4	8	13
	5E	<u>15</u> 3/4	59 2 5/16	<u>100</u> 4	84 3 5/16	248 9 3/4	<u>200</u> 8	<u>59</u> 13
	5E	<u>20</u> 1	59 2 5/16	<u>100</u> 4	84 3 5/16	248 9 3/4	<u>200</u> 8	<u>59</u> 13
NOMINAL	7G	25 1	59 2 3/4	100 4 1/4	84 3 1/4	248 13 3/8	200 12	<u>59</u> 26
1500	7G	25 1 1/4	70 2 3/4	108 4 1/4	88 3 1/4	340 13 3/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 26
1000	8H	<u>32</u> 1 1/4	70	108 4 1/2	88 3 15/16	340 15 1/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 40
INTERMEDIATE	7G	32	80	115	100	<u>384</u> 13 3/8	300	182
		1 1/2 40	2 3/4 70	4 1/4 108	3 1/4 88	340	12 300	26 <u>118</u>
2155	8H	1 1/2 40	3 80	4 1/2 115	4 7/8 124	15 1/8 384	12 300	40 182
	8H	2 50	3 80	4 1/2 115	4 7/8 124	15 1/8 384	12 300	40 182
	10K	2 1/2 65	5 125	6 150	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	10K	3 80	5 125	6 150	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	10K	4 100	5 125	6 150	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	5E	1/2	2 5/16	4	3 5/16	9 3/4	8	13
	5E	<u>15</u> 3/4	59 2 5/16	<u>100</u> 4	84 3 5/16	<u>248</u> 9 3/4	<u>200</u> 8	<u>59</u> 13
NOMINAL	5E	20	59 2 5/16	<u>100</u> 4	84 3 5/16	<u>248</u> 9 3/4	<u>200</u> 8	<u>59</u> 13
2500	7G	25 1 1/4	59 2 3/4	100 4 1/4	84 3 1/4	248 13 3/8	200 12	<u>59</u> 26
2000	8H	<u>32</u> 1 1/4	70 70	108 4 1/2	88 3 15/16	<u>340</u> 15 1/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>118</u> 40
INTERMEDIATE	7G	32	80 2 3/4	<u>115</u> 4 1/4	100 100 3 1/4	<u>384</u> 13 3/8	<u>300</u> 12	<u>182</u> 26
		1 1/2 40	70	115	88	340	300	118
3045	8H	1 1/2 40	3 80	4 1/2 115	3 15/16 100	15 1/8 <u>384</u>	12 300	40 <u>182</u>
	8H	2 50	3 80	4 1/2 115	3 15/16 100	15 1/8 <u>384</u>	12 300	40 182
	10K	2 50	5 125	6 150	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	10K	2 1/2 65	5 125	6 150	4 7/8 124	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
	10K	3 80	5 125	6 150	4 7/8	18 5/8 473	18 450	86 390
		00	IZJ	100	124	4/3	<del>4</del> JU	530

B

C

D

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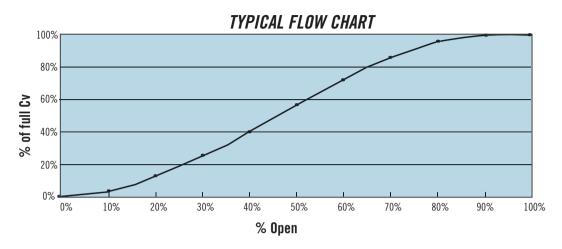
Wgt

\* Socket Weld dimensions shown; Consult factory for Butt Weld dimensions. Numbers shown in Black indicate dimensions in inches, weightin pounds. Numbers shown in blue indicate dimensions in mm, weights in kilograms. Butt Weld dimensions determined by pipe schedule. NOTE: All weights are approximate for shipping purposes only.

\* A105, and SA 182 F3 16 Material combinations available upon request.

#### 3

# **DIMENSIONS**



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

									Cv								_
Size Code	Pipe Size		Standard Orifice Size														
	(Inches)	1/8	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	11/16	3/4	13/16	7/8	15/16	1	Wt. (lbs.)
5E	1/2 3/4 1	0.3	0.6	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
7G	1 1 1/4 1 1/2 2	-	-	1.1	1.7	2.5	3.3	4.3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
8H	1 1/4 1 1/2 2	-	-	-	-	-	3.5	4.6	6	7	9	10	-	-	-	-	40
10K	2 2 1/2 3 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	7	9	10	12	14	16	19	86

-Socket Weld Specifications Shown. Butt Weld Available. Other orifices available upon request.

Size Code	Pipe Size	Cv Standard Orifice Size												Wt.			
Fig. No.	(mm)	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	21	22	24	25	(kg.)
5E	13 19 25	0.3	0.6	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.4
7G	25 32 38 51	-	-	1.1	1.7	2.5	3.3	4.3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.8
8H	32 38 51	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	4.6	6	7	9	10	-	-	-	-	18.2
10K	51 64 76 102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	7	9	10	12	14	16	19	39.0

## Example:

### Given:

Steam

P1 = 1000 (psi) Super heat = 105(F deg) P2 = 800 (psi) T = 650 (deg.F) Flow Rate = 20,000 (lbs/hr)

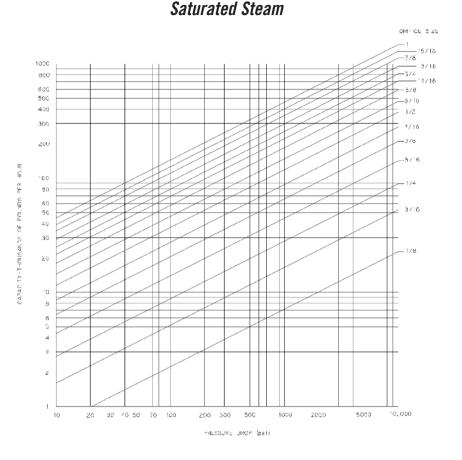
1) Calculate outlet pressure as % of inlet pressure

 $\frac{P2}{P1} = 0.8$  Since outlet pressure is greater than 55% of inlet pressure, we must multiply capacity by the correction factor. From the curve, the correction factor = .85.

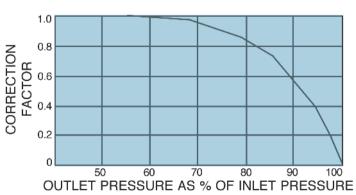
.85 (20,000) = 17,000 (lbs/hr)

- If steam is super heated, adjust capacity.
  For 105 (F deg) Super Heated Steam:
  Capacity = 17,000 [1 + .00065(105)] = 18,160 (lbs/hr)
- Size Orifice from chart above using: Inlet Pressure = 1,000 (psi) Flow Rate = 18,160 (lbs/hr)

Find the intersection point on chart. Correct orifice size is directly above and to the left of the intersection point. In this case we would use an 11/16" orifice. Adjust for superheat conditions by multiplying the required flow rate by  $(1 + .00065 \times degrees \ superheat)$ prior to cross referencing.



#### **Correction Factor**



#### If outlet pressure is greater than 55% of the inlet pressure, multiply capacity by the correction factor below:

#### 5

### Example:

#### Given:

Water P1 = 1000 (psi)  $\triangle P = 1000 \text{ (psi)}$  T = 350 (deg.F)Flow Rate = 10,000 (lbs/hr) Vapor Pressure = 135 (psi)

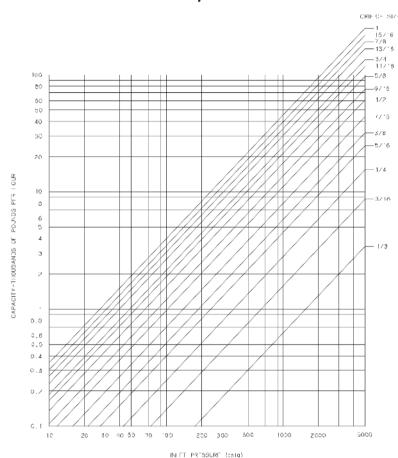
1) Since T>300, we must use a corrected max. pressure drop.  $\triangle P = .9 \times (1000 - .83 \times 135)$ 

2) Size orifice from chart using:

 $\triangle$  P = 799.155

Flow Rate = 10,000

Find the intersection point on the chart. Correct orifice size is directly above and to the left of the intersection point. In this case we would use a 3/16" orifice.



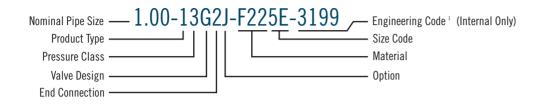
## **Correction Factor**

If temperature is greater than 300°F chocked flow may occur. Therefore the maximum pressure drop used for sizing is given by:

P = .9 (P1 - .83 x Pv)

Where P1 = inlet pressure Pv = vapor pressure

# **Figure Number Description**



#### VALVE DESIGN

- A Angle Pattern Stop
- B Tandem Blowdown:
- 2 Angle Bodies
- C Y-Pattern Check
- D Angle Pattern CheckE T-Pattern Check
- F Gate
- G Y-Pattern Stop
- H Bellows Seal
- J Cryogenic
- K Tandem Bowdown: 1 Angle Body, 1 Y-Pattern
- L Leak Off
- N Continuous Blowdown
- P T-Pattern Stop
- R Y-Pattern Stop Check S Angle Pattern Stop Check
- T T-Pattern Stop Check
- U Throttling
- V Tandem Blowdown: 2 Y-Pattern Bodies
- W Strainer W/Blowoff Valve
- X Strainer W/Blowoff Fitting
- Y Strainer
- Z 3-Way

32

- Bonnetless
  Tandem Blowdown:
- 1- Ball Valve
- 1-Throttling Valve
  8 Hemiseal Ball Valve
- 9 Camseal Ball Valve

# PRODUCT TYPE

- 1 Globe Valve
- 2 Whisperjet
- 3 Y-Body Extended Body
- 4 Desuperheater
- 5 Gate 8 Ball
- 8

# ASME PRESSURE CLASS

	Nominal	
Int	ermediate	
0	Under 900	
1	900	1195
2	1500	2155
3	2500	3045
4	3500	4095
8	4500	

### END CONNECTIONS

- 1 Threaded
- 2 Socket Weld Full Port 3 Socket Weld Reduced P
  - Socket Weld Reduced Port Butt Weld Full Port
- 4 Butt Weld Full Port5 Butt Weld Reduced Port
- 6 But Weld Double Reduced Port

Engineering Code assigned by Conval is a key to Engineering Bill of Material and will appear on all packing lists and invoices.

- 7 Clamp Connector
- 8 Flanged Standard
- 9 Flanged Special

This code need not be supplied when ordering unless a specific configuration is being reorderd.

0 Other

### **OPTIONS**

- A AUMA Actuator
- B EIM Actuator
- C Handwheel
- D Fisher Actuator
- E Orifice Port
- F Micrometer Dial
- G Bendix Actuator
- H Spinner Handle
- J I.G.W. K Drain Connection
- L Locking Handle
- M Stem Shroud
- N Copes Actuator
- P Limitorque Actuator
- Q L.L.G. W/I.G.W.
- R Rotork Actuator
- S Single Limitswitch
- T Ball Check
  - Double Limitswitch
  - Valtek Actuator Needle Disc
  - Chain Wheel
  - Conval Actuator
- Y Conval / Z Other

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- MATERIAL
- **Carbon** 105 Standard
- A05 Stainless Steel Internals
- B05 Ductile Iron Bushing
- C05 17-4 PH Stem
- E05 Monel Trim
- N05 Navy Special
- S05 Cobalt Free
- SUS CODAIL FIE
- P05 Polymer Trim R05 N60 Bushing
- NUJ NUU DUSII

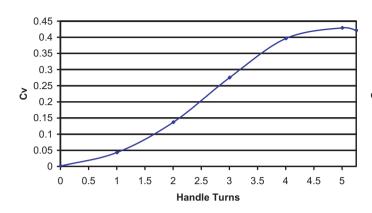
### Alloy

- F22 Standard
- F91 Standard
- A22 Stainless Steel Internals
- B22 Ductile Iron Bushing C22 F22 Body /A105 Yoke
- E22 Monel Trim
- EZZ Wonel Irim
- N22 Navy Special
- S22 Cobalt Free
- P22 Polymer Trim
- R22 N60 Bushing

#### Stainless

- 316 Standard
- B16 Ductile Iron Bushing
- D16 316 Body Only
- E16 Monel Trim
- L16 316L Body
- N16 Navy Special
- S16 Cobalt Free P16 Polymer Trim

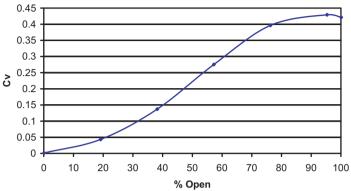
R16 N60 Bushing



Cv vs Handle Turns for a 5E Throttle Valve with

1/8" Orifice

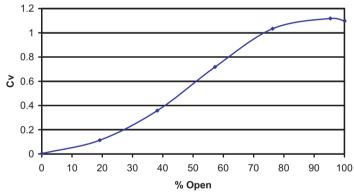




Cv vs Handle Turns for a 5E Throttle Valve with

3/16" Orifice

#### Cv vs % Open for a 5E Throttle Valve with 3/16" Orifice



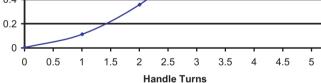
0.4

1.2

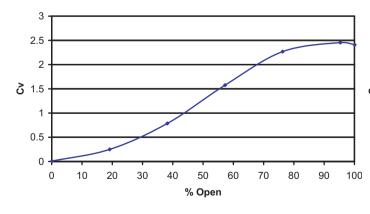
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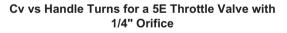
0.8

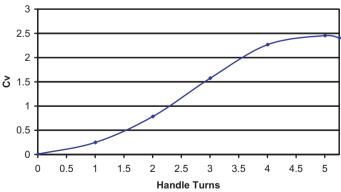
**3**0.6

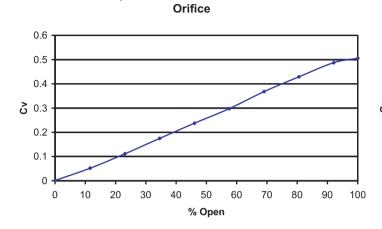




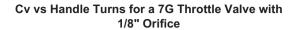


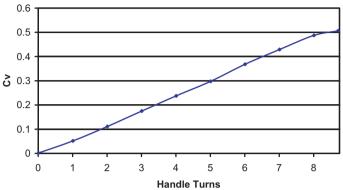




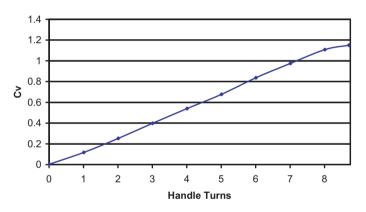


Cv vs % Open for a 7G Throttle Valve with 1/8"

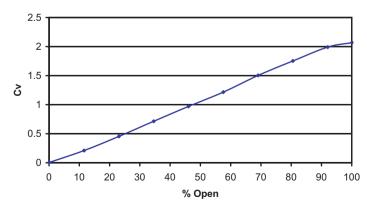




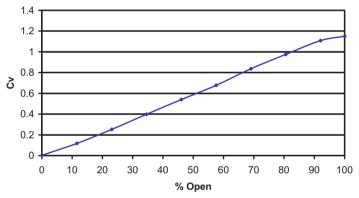
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 7G Throttle Valve with 3/16" Orifice

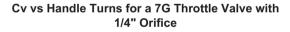


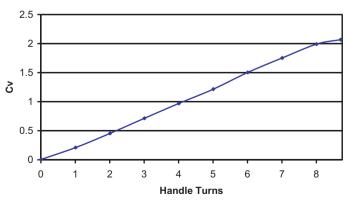


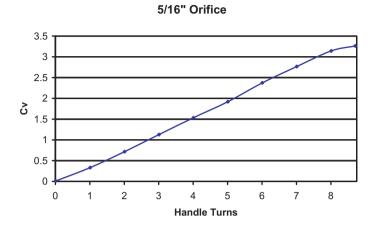


Cv vs % Open for a 7G Throttle Valve with 3/16" Orifice



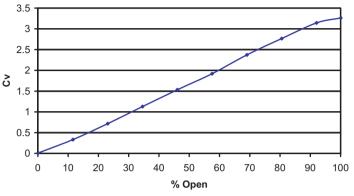




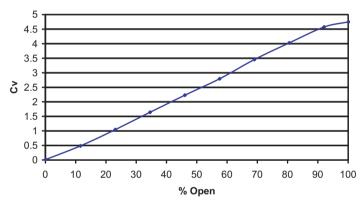


Cv vs Handle Turns for a 7G Throttle Valve with

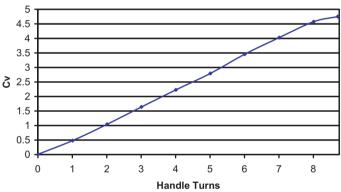




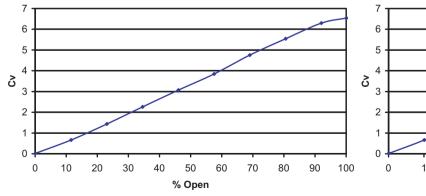
Cv vs % Open for a 7G Throttle Valve with 3/8" Orifice

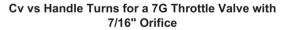


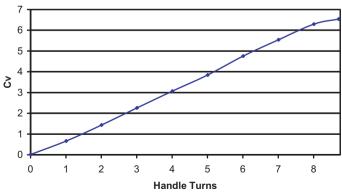
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 7G Throttle Valve with 3/8" Orifice

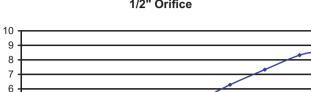




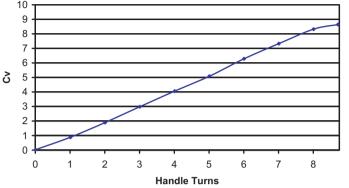




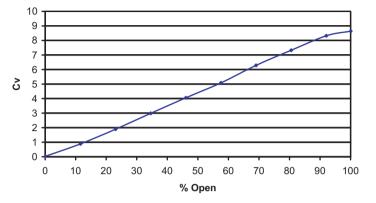




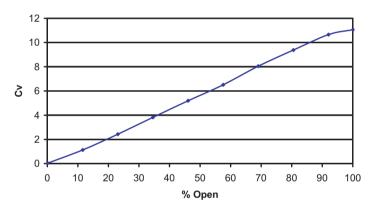
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 7G Throttle Valve with 1/2" Orifice



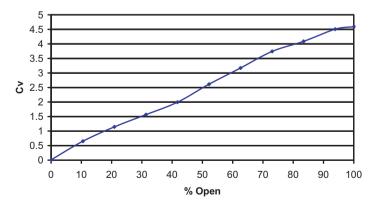
Cv vs % Open for a 7G Throttle Valve with 1/2" Orifice



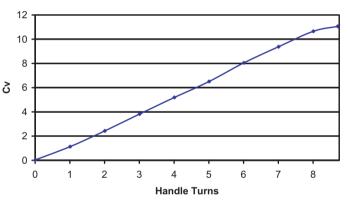
Cv vs % Open for a 7G Throttle Valve with 9/16" Orifice

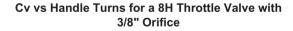


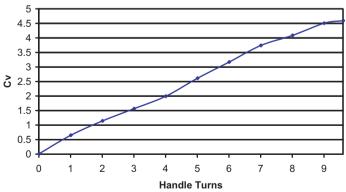


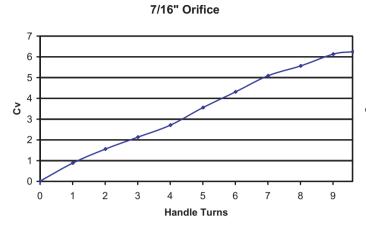


Cv vs Handle Turns for a 7G Throttle Valve with 9/16" Orifice



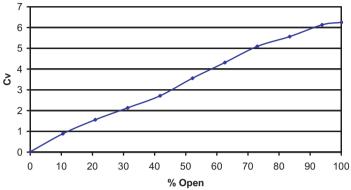




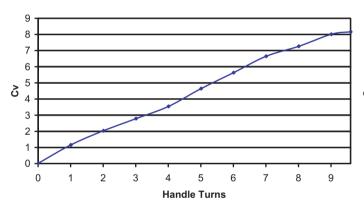


Cv vs Handle Turns for a 8H Throttle Valve with

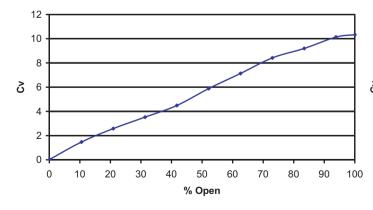




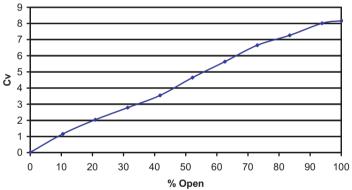
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 8H Throttle Valve with 1/2" Orifice

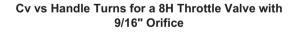


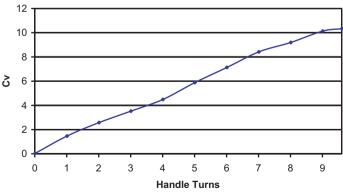
Cv vs % Open for a 8H Throttle Valve with 9/16" Orifice

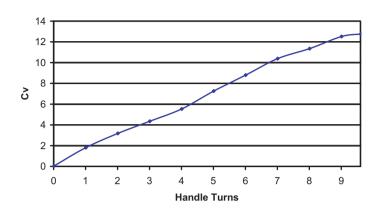


Cv vs % Open for a 8H Throttle Valve with 1/2" Orifice





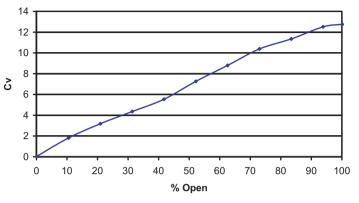




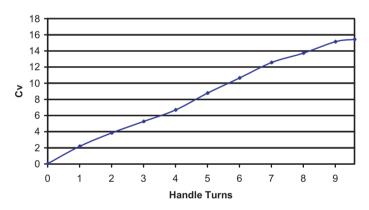
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 8H Throttle Valve with

5/8" Orifice

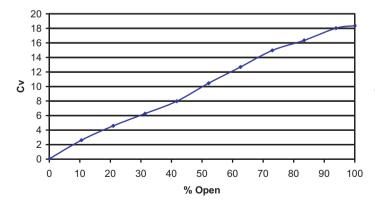




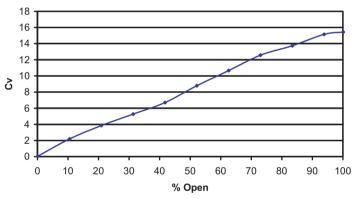
#### Cv vs Handle Turns for a 8H Throttle Valve with 11/16" Orifice

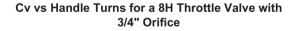


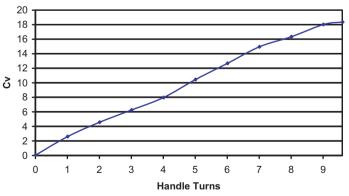


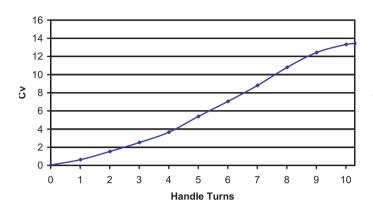


Cv vs % Open for a 8H Throttle Valve with 11/16" Orifice



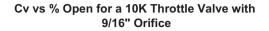


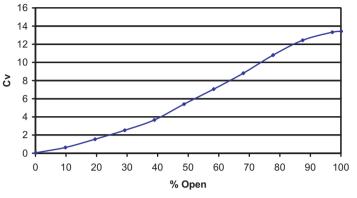




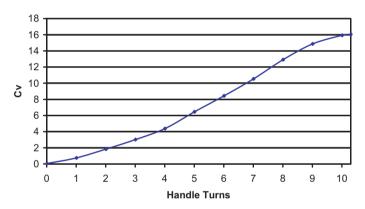
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with

9/16" Orifice

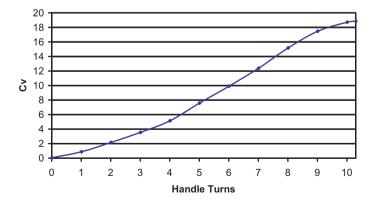




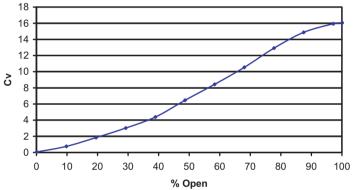
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with 5/8" Orifice

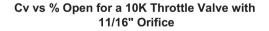


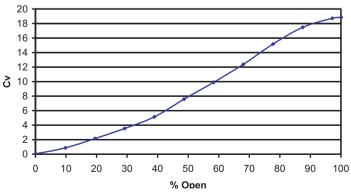
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with 11/16" Orifice

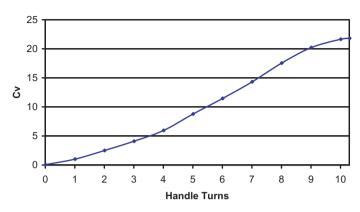


Cv vs % Open for a 10K Throttle Valve with 5/8" Orifice

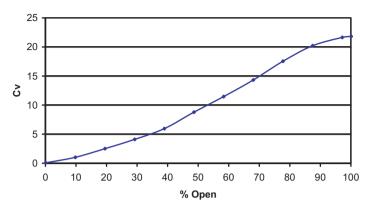




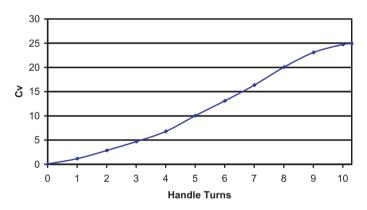


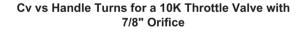


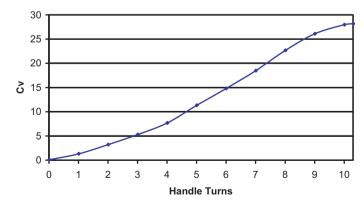
#### Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with 3/4" Orifice

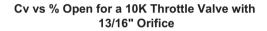


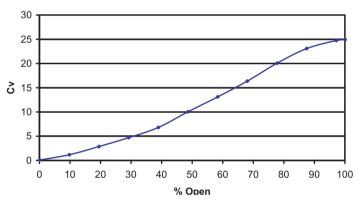
# Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with 13/16" Orifice

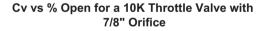


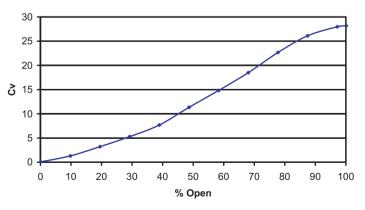




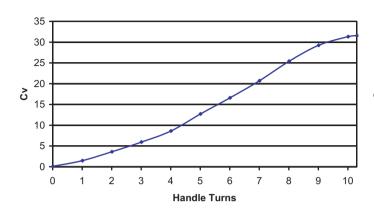






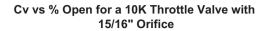


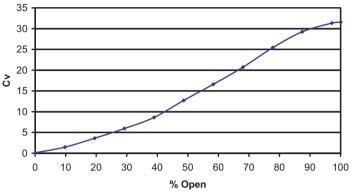
#### Cv vs % Open for a 10K Throttle Valve with 3/4" Orifice



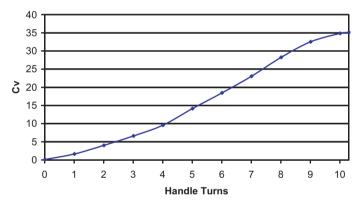
Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with

15/16" Orifice

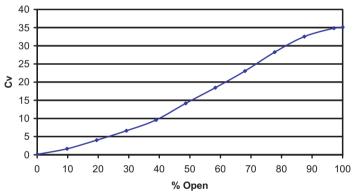




# Cv vs Handle Turns for a 10K Throttle Valve with 1" Orifice







# **The Conval Story**

In 1962, Mr. Chester Siver completed designs for a revolutionary line of high-pressure, forged steel valves. Hamilton Standard (now Hamilton Sunstrand), a division of United Technologies Corporation, was asked to use their then-new Electron Beam Welding technology for joining of parts into valves for subassemblies. Hamilton Standard became intrigued with the valve as an ideal application of the Electron Beam Welding technique, and negotiated a contract for the rights to manufacture and sell the valve. Mr. Siver served as manager of the valve project.

The first CLAMPSEAL® valves were introduced to the market by Hamilton Standard in 1964. However, in the mid-1960's, growing demand for the firm's popular aerospace products forced Hamilton Standard to make the decision to abandon its industrial products projects. The rights to the CLAMPSEAL valve reverted back to Mr. Siver. Since CLAMPSEAL valves were born in Connecticut, Mr. Siver founded "Conval" (short for Connecticut Valve) in 1967. Today, the valves are still manufactured in Connecticut, a state with a longstanding reputation for technological innovation and manufacturing excellence.

Conval is celebrating its 40th anniversary in 2007 with the launch of the new Camseal Ball Valve. Conval has grown into a leader in valves for the world's most demanding applications. We have a global team of experts to help to meet your most challenging needs. We invite you to contact us today.

High-pressure, high-temperature ball, bellows, bonnetless, check, gate, globe, throttling, and urea service valves for the world's most demanding applications.

1967-2007 Celebrating 40+ years of excellence! Thank you for your business.



ISO 9001 certified since September 11, 1992



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